

LOW NOISE TRANSMITTER ARCHITECTURE
USING FOLDOVER SELECTIVE BAND FILTERING
AND METHOD THEREOF

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ABSTRACT

The present invention describes an apparatus capable of producing a radio
10 frequency (RF) transmit (Tx) signal for a radiotelephone low enough in noise without
requiring a post power amplifier (PA) cleanup filter.

A Tx signal generated by a modulator (710) is sent through a different filter by
a first and second switches (714 and 728) based upon the frequency of the Tx signal,
and each of the filters (720 and 724) are designed to reduce the noise floor of a certain
15 predetermined region within a specific TX band. The noise floor of the Tx signal
contributes to production of foldover noise due to intermodulation phenomenon
caused by nonlinearity of the PA (732). However, because the portion of the noise
floor within the Tx band is reduced by going through the appropriate bandpass filter
for the Tx signal and because the foldover noise production is a nonlinear
20 phenomenon, the resulting reduced noise floor contributes significantly less to the
foldover noise generated by the PA (732)

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